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# Financial Statements (and Other Financial Information)

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***Florida Clinical Practice Association, Inc.  
(A Component Unit of the University of Florida)***

*Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023*

**FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.**

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*Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023*

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of  
Florida Clinical Practice Association, Inc.:

### ***Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements***

#### ***Opinion***

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities of the Florida Clinical Practice Association, Inc. (the FCPA) (a component unit of the University of Florida) as of and for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the FCPA's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the business-type activities of the FCPA as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and the changes in financial position and cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### ***Basis for Opinion***

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (GAS), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the FCPA and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### ***Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements***

The FCPA's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the FCPA's

ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### ***Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and GAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and GAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the FCPA's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the FCPA's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### ***Required Supplementary Information***

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *management's discussion and analysis* on pages 4 through 16 be presented to supplement the basic

financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### ***Supplementary Information***

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the FCPA's basic financial statements. The Statements of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Net Position of Fund 171 - Transfers from Component Units Fund (HSCFCPA, HSCSHHS, HSCVAHS) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

### ***Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards***

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 26, 2024, on our consideration of the FCPA's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the FCPA's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

PYA, P.C.

Tampa, Florida  
September 26, 2024

## **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

## FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.

### *Management's Discussion and Analysis*

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This section of the Florida Clinical Practice Association, Inc.'s (the FCPA) annual report presents management's discussion and analysis of the FCPA's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. This discussion has been prepared by management and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and footnotes. The financial statements, footnotes, and this discussion and analysis are the responsibility of management.

While maintaining its financial health is crucial to the long-term viability of the FCPA, the primary mission of the FCPA is to bill and collect clinical professional fees to fund the educational, clinical, and research missions of the University of Florida College of Medicine, Gainesville Campus (COM)(College of Medicine). Therefore, an increase in net position is only necessary to ensure that there are sufficient reserve funds for future operations and implementation of new programs of the College of Medicine.

### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Following the poor financial performance in fiscal year 2023, the FCPA made significant strides to recovery in Fiscal Year 2024. The FY24 recovery was driven by multiple revenue and expense factors. Compared to FY23 the FCPA experienced higher revenue and more controlled non-labor cost increases, resulting in a positive margin for the year. Patient revenue (direct and indirect) increased by 5.1% and is supported by a 7.1% increase in WRVUs over the prior year. The increase in revenue was mostly offset by a significant increase in Transfers to the University of Florida (UF) (the University) to support higher physician Earned Variable Compensation (EVC) payments. Included in the patient revenue increase is an offsetting decrease in Medicaid Enhanced Payment revenue compared to FY23 because of the reduction of the Federal Medical Assistance Percentages (FMAP) for some Medicaid Programs during the final quarter of FY23 through FY24. Also related to the ending of the Public Health Emergency (PHE) was a disenrollment of Medicaid patients who lost eligibility with the ending of the PHE. Total operating revenue increased by 10.0% over the prior year, a higher than usual rate of increase, due to the 31% or \$59.0M increase in other revenue. \$53M of this increase was offset by higher contractual service expense in support of UF Health programs during FY24. Although the pandemic era induced healthcare industry labor cost rate of growth has slowed down, industry labor costs remained high in FY24 and there are still staffing challenges in the industry. This is the secondary driver of the increase in contractual services in FY24. The practice has worked hard to balance staffing levels to ensure quality patient care and manage costs as well. This is noticeable in Anesthesiology Daytona, where the increase in regional physician salaries is offset by a decrease in non-salary expenses, notably locum expenses paid through UF. In addition, management worked with departments to set targets, utilizing other UF sources of funds to cover non-clinical expenses, in an attempt to reduce FCPA transfers to UF, following the significant deficit in FY23. This strategy was very effective and mitigated the impact of the Compensation Plan (Comp Plan) payments on FCPA's finances. FY24 was the first year of the new clinical Comp Plan implementation for the College. During this fiscal year, the Comp Plan yielded positive outcomes, demonstrating its effectiveness in aligning faculty performance with the College's strategic goals. Key achievements include:

## FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.

### *Management's Discussion and Analysis - Continued*

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- **Positive Margin:** The new plan has contributed to a positive financial margin, reflecting the successful alignment of compensation with both productivity and value-based care. By incentivizing high-quality clinical performance, the Comp Plan has ensured that faculty efforts translate into strong financial results.
- **Improved Charges Over Budget:** The College has experienced a notable improvement in charges over budget, directly attributable to the revised compensation structure. The emphasis on productivity and clinical excellence has driven faculty to meet and exceed performance targets, resulting in enhanced revenue generation.

During the second half of fiscal year 2020 the College of Medicine and UF Health began implementation of its regional affiliation strategy seeking to establish a broad network of health systems and providers that builds and extends its national and regional standing as a premier academic medical center. The structure created for this strategy is the Regional Network. Most of the hiring for provision of services for the Regional Network started during the final quarter of fiscal year 2020. There were no significant additions to the Network during FY24, although there were a few notable expansion projects underway during the period by UFHealth, that will impact FY25.

The FCPA implemented the provisions of the new Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) standard on subscription-based information technology agreements (SBITA) in fiscal year 2023. Unlike the lease accounting standard (GASB 87) implementation in the prior year, the FCPA's financial statements were not materially impacted by this standard. Due to the relationship between the FCPA and the University, a good portion of software used by the physicians and staff are university owned and paid for using funds transferred from the FCPA. As a result, items meeting the eligibility criteria of the standard were limited for the FCPA. In FY24, a few more agreements with UF Health Shands Hospital (Shands) were identified as qualifying and recorded as SBITA under GASB Statement No. 96. This resulted in an increase in right-of-use assets and related liabilities of the FCPA.

The FCPA holds certain debt instruments with TD Bank and in FY23 certain continuing covenants relating to the bonds were modified to add a guaranty of Shands and Clinics to each of FCPA's existing TD loans and swaps as a credit enhancement. This modification allows TD Bank to test Shands for its debt service coverage, if the FCPA does not meet its debts service coverage covenant. As a result of this agreement, the FCPA officers are required to provide pertinent financial and budget information to the Shands management team, Finance Committee and or Board of Directors on a regular basis. Due to the financial recovery in FY24, the FCPA met its 1.25 debt service coverage ratio requirement without triggering testing of Shands compliance with its debt service requirement.

The FCPA's net position increased \$2.8 million or 1.7% during fiscal year 2024. Operating revenue was \$1.1 billion, an increase of \$101.6 million or 10.0% over the prior year. Total operating expense of \$404.9 million increased \$58.3 million or 16.8% when compared to the prior year. Professional fees from direct patient care of \$630.6 million increased \$29.3 million or 4.9%



## FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.

### *Management's Discussion and Analysis - Continued*

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during fiscal year 2024 from the prior year. The increase in direct patient care revenue is primarily the result of an increase in WRVUs and partly due to some rate increases. On the expense side, it is also directly correlated with the new Comp Plan which yielded high incentives for high performing physicians in FY24.

Professional fees from indirect patient care and other revenue of \$492.5 million increased \$72.3 million or 17.2% during fiscal year 2024 compared to the prior year. The key driver of the increase was additional revenue from Shands and regional programs to cover increased expenses under contract.

Investment income of \$3.4 million represents an increase of \$975 thousand or 39.6%. The upturn in investment income was primarily due to higher interest rates and dividends on investments driven by better financial market performance.

Interest expense for long-term debt remained relatively flat in the 2024 fiscal year, however, interest expense of \$2.2 million was reported in FY24 for lease and subscription-based information technology agreements, a \$278 thousand or 14.5% increase compared to the prior year. This was due to additional subscriptions with Shands, previously invoiced and expensed as repairs and maintenance costs.

Transfers increased \$16.2 million or 2.3% to \$715.9 million during the 2024 fiscal year. Unlike prior years the Regional Network portion of this increase was only \$1.3 million or 1.7% over FY23. This was offset by a decrease of \$5.7M in non-salary expense, mostly due to lower locum expenses. On the other hand, payroll funding needs (excluding Regional Programs) increased \$23.50 million or 5.16%, of which \$29.4 million was in faculty salaries and benefits. The increase in faculty salaries and benefits was due to the three quarterly EVC payments made in FY24 as part of the new plan. The new Comp Plan requires quarterly EVC payments, instead of the annual incentive payouts under the old Comp Plan. EVCs paid and funded for the first three quarters was approximately \$34M. In June 2024, \$13.5M was transferred to cover the Q4 EVCs research and education incentives, but current projections estimate the payouts at \$29M. A few positive drivers helped mitigate the impact of the quarterly EVCs on total salaries & benefits. Staff salaries remained flat, year over year as there were no staff raises for COM employees in FY24. Unlike prior years, the University did not mandate raises in FY24, leaving the decision to colleges. The College of Medicine elected not to offer raises to faculty and staff, as a result of the abysmal financial performance in FY23. COM continued utilization of other UF funds to support non-clinical COM expenses. This had a direct impact of reducing the amount of FCPA transfers needed to support COM activity. In addition, Fringe Benefit pool rates decreased for all pools except for the Student OPS/Federal Work Study pool, resulting in lower fringe benefit costs overall. This contrasted with the higher earnings when compared to the prior year.

Transfers to cover non-salary expenses decreased by approximately \$9.2 million or 12.0%, compared to the 2023 fiscal year, of which \$5.7M was in the Regional Programs. The major driver of the lower Regional Program non-salary expense was the locum expense in Anesthesiology Daytona which was offset by higher physician and staff salaries. The decrease in total non-salary expenses (excluding Regional Programs activity) was \$3.7M, of which \$1.5M was in Operating Capital Outlay (OCO) (a 51.6% decrease over the prior year). The decrease from FY23 was driven

## FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.

### *Management's Discussion and Analysis - Continued*

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by the College's efforts to control expenses and higher utilization of other sources of funds to support non-clinical expenses. In addition to the decrease in OCO, other categories like data processing, repairs & maintenance, travel and food declined by \$605k, \$479k, \$467k, and \$396k respectively. The College of Medicine transferred approximately \$6.8 million, from FCPA to other University funds as additional support for education and research. This includes \$2.6 million for renovation of space.

Transfers to fund Housestaff stipends and related expenses increased by \$3.2M to \$55.5 million in FY24 due to the 6% increase in the stipend rates.

There are still challenging issues in the healthcare industry with declining reimbursement rates during a period of high labor costs and the FCPA is not immune to the challenges. UF Health leadership and the University continues to pursue strategies to provide high quality care while keeping the FCPA financially viable. The newly formed UF Health, Inc. is part of the Health system's future strategic vision, that includes the FCPA.

The FCPA's net position increased by \$2.8 million or 1.7% to \$162.1 million. Current assets of \$193.1 million are more than sufficient to cover current liabilities of \$59.5 million. The FCPA has \$63.4 million in long-term debt and long-term lease liabilities and subscription liabilities of \$82.9 million less current portions at June 30, 2024.

#### USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements, prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to public colleges and universities as prescribed by the GASB. These statements include all assets, liabilities and deferred outflows/inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All current year revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ASSOCIATION

**Table 1 - Condensed Statements of Assets**

	<i>2024</i>	<i>2023</i>	<i>Increase (Decrease)</i>	<i>Percent Change</i>	<i>Percentage of 2024 Total</i>
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 20,567,563	\$ 26,542,786	\$ (5,975,223)	-22.51%	5.38%
Patient accounts receivable, net	100,765,617	98,380,928	2,384,689	2.42%	26.36%
Other current assets (excluding short-term investments)	53,895,542	19,495,187	34,400,355	176.46%	14.10%
Investments - long-term and short-term	21,864,023	36,969,445	(15,105,422)	-40.86%	5.72%
Property and equipment, net	76,116,923	80,464,474	(4,347,551)	-5.40%	19.91%

## FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.

### Management's Discussion and Analysis - Continued

	2024	2023	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change	Percentage of 2024 Total
Right-of-use lease assets, net	79,173,920	95,846,004	(16,672,084)	-17.39%	20.71%
Right-of-use subscription assets, net	8,206,458	2,330,886	5,875,572	252.07%	2.15%
Facilities entitlements, net	4,183,477	115,112	4,068,365	3534.27%	1.09%
Lease receivable	14,917,610	13,853,124	1,064,486	7.68%	3.90%
Other assets	2,570,323	2,967,425	(397,102)	-13.38%	0.67%
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$ 382,261,456</b>	<b>\$ 376,965,371</b>	<b>\$ 5,296,085</b>	<b>1.40%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

At June 30, 2024, total assets for the FCPA were \$383 million, an increase of \$5.3 million or 1.4% from the prior year.

**Table 2 - Patient Accounts Receivable, Net**

	2024	2023	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
Beginning accounts receivable	\$ 170,146,962	\$ 173,861,487	\$ (3,714,525)	-2.14%
Net charges	673,432,065	615,270,344	58,161,721	9.45%
Payments	(604,649,250)	(591,848,614)	(12,800,636)	2.16%
Bad debt write-off	(61,686,657)	(54,850,112)	(6,836,545)	12.46%
Refunds	24,312,034	27,713,857	(3,401,823)	-12.27%
Accounts receivable	201,555,154	170,146,962	31,408,192	18.46%
Reserve for contractual adjustments	(145,477,624)	(121,199,999)	(24,277,625)	20.03%
Reserve for uncollectible accounts	(10,488,846)	(7,866,587)	(2,622,259)	33.33%
Sub-total accounts receivable, net	45,588,684	41,080,376	4,508,308	10.97%
Medicaid Enhanced Payment and Low Income Pool Programs	55,176,933	57,300,552	(2,123,619)	-3.71%
Total accounts receivable, net	\$ 100,765,617	\$ 98,380,928	\$ 2,384,689	2.42%

The FCPA's most significant asset was net patient accounts receivable. Net patient accounts receivable was \$100.8 million or 26.4% of total assets at June 30, 2024. Net patient accounts receivable increased by \$2.4 million or 2.4% from the prior year.

**Table 3 - Right-of-use Assets, Net**

	2024	2023	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change	Percentage of 2024 Total
Right-of-use - non-affiliate	50,599,776	\$ 62,792,870	\$ (12,193,094)	-19.42%	57.91%
Right-of-use - affiliate	27,700,997	32,112,163	(4,411,166)	-13.74%	31.70%
Right-of-use - equipment	873,147	940,971	(67,824)	-7.21%	1.00%

## FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.

### Management's Discussion and Analysis - Continued

	<i>2024</i>	<i>2023</i>	<i>Increase (Decrease)</i>	<i>Percent Change</i>	<i>Percentage of 2024 Total</i>
Right-of-use - subscription	8,206,458	2,330,886	5,875,572	252.07%	9.39%
TOTAL RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS, NET	\$ 87,380,378	\$ 98,176,890	\$ (10,796,512)	-11.00%	100.00%

The FCPA's second most significant asset was right-of-use assets, net. Right-of-use assets, net was \$87.4 million or 22.9% of total assets at June 30, 2024.

At June 30, 2024, the FCPA had \$87.4 million right-of-use assets, net of accumulated amortization of \$25.6 million. The amount represents a net decrease (including additions and deductions) of approximately \$10.8 million or 11% compared to last year. The decrease was the result of the cumulative impact of current year amortization of \$8.4 million, net retirements of \$20 million and additions of \$17.6 million.

The FCPA's third most significant asset was property and equipment, net. Property and equipment, net was \$76.1 million or 19.9% of total assets at June 30, 2024. Property and equipment, net decreased by \$4.3 million or 5.4% from the prior year.

At June 30, 2024, the FCPA had \$76.1 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$51.7 million, excluding facilities entitlements. The amount represents a net decrease (including additions and deductions) of approximately \$4.3 million or 5.4% compared to last year. The decrease was primarily the result of current year depreciation being greater than capital asset additions.

**Table 4 - Capital Assets, Net**

	<i>2024</i>	<i>2023</i>	<i>Increase (Decrease)</i>	<i>Percent Change</i>	<i>Percentage of 2024 Total</i>
Buildings	\$ 53,414,607	\$ 55,257,903	\$ (1,843,296)	-3.34%	70.17%
Land	1,648,523	1,648,523	-	0.00%	2.17%
Leasehold improvements	16,103,802	17,214,850	(1,111,048)	-6.45%	21.16%
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	4,949,991	4,929,447	20,544	0.42%	6.50%
Capital assets in progress	-	1,413,751	(1,413,751)	100.00%	0.00%
TOTAL PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, NET	\$ 76,116,923	\$ 80,464,474	\$ (4,347,551)	-5.40%	100.00%

The FCPA's most significant capital asset is its buildings. During fiscal year 2013, the FCPA placed in service the Main Street Community Health and Family Medicine Clinic and the 39th Avenue Medical Office Building at Springhill. In fiscal year 2019, the FCPA placed a second medical office building in service at 39th Avenue (Springhill II).

## FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.

### *Management's Discussion and Analysis - Continued*

For fiscal year 2025 the FCPA has approximately \$11.8 million budgeted for capital expenditures that will be used to renovate and equip clinics and fund various additional capital projects including approximately \$8.8 million approved for clinic improvements.

The FCPA's fourth most significant asset, other current assets (excluding short term investments) was \$53.9 million or 14.1% of total assets at June 30, 2024. This asset value increased \$34.M as a result of the \$39.4M outstanding receivable from the Agency for Healthcare Administration at June 30, 2024.

FCPA's investments – long-term and short-term dropped \$15.1 million to \$21.9 million or 5.7% of total assets at June 30, 2024, due to a draw down to fund payments related to the Medicaid Enhanced Payment Program in FY24. This decrease is offset by an increase in other receivables at June 30, 2024.

**Table 5 - Condensed Statements of Liabilities**

	<i>2024</i>	<i>2023</i>	<i>Increase (Decrease)</i>	<i>Percent Change</i>	<i>Percentage of 2024 Total</i>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>					
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 39,509,315	\$ 23,980,301	\$ 15,529,014	64.76%	19.20%
Long-term debt obligations, including current portions	67,161,360	70,862,326	(3,700,966)	-5.22%	32.65%
Lease and subscription liabilities including current portion	90,287,523	100,666,723	(10,379,200)	-10.31%	43.89%
Deferred revenue	8,401,949	8,401,949	-	0.00%	4.08%
Unearned revenue	369,296	206,293	163,003	79.02%	0.18%
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b>\$ 205,729,443</b>	<b>\$ 204,117,592</b>	<b>\$ 1,611,851</b>	<b>0.79%</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

At June 30, 2024, liabilities for the FCPA were \$205.7 million. Total liabilities increased \$1.6 million or .79% when compared to the prior year.

The FCPA's most significant liability is its lease and subscription liabilities of \$90.3 million or 43.9% of total liabilities at June 30, 2024. Lease and subscription liabilities were \$100.7 million in the prior year. Lease and subscription liabilities decreased \$10.4 million. The decrease is due to payment reductions totaling \$7.2 million and a net decrease of additions, modifications and terminations of \$3.6 million due to lease activity in the current fiscal year.

The FCPA's second most significant liability is its long-term debt of \$67.2 million or 32.7% of total liabilities at June 30, 2024. Long-term debt was \$70.9 million in the prior year. The FCPA had a debt to net position ratio of .41 in fiscal year 2024 and .44 in fiscal year 2023. Long-term debt decreased \$3.7 million due to principal payments.

The FCPA's third most significant liability is its accounts payable and accrued expenses, which is \$39.5 million or 19.2% of total liabilities at June 30, 2024. Accounts payable and accrued expenses increased by \$15.5 million or 64.8%. The key driver of the increase was the significant

## FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.

### *Management's Discussion and Analysis - Continued*

reconciliation amounts due to Shands at June 30, 2024, compared to last year. In addition, a \$2.4 million potential refund of fiscal year 2021 Low Income Pool (LIP) program reconciliation amount was recorded in FY24 to bring the total liability to date to \$3.5 million.

The FCPA's fourth most significant liability was deferred revenue. Deferred revenue was \$8.4 million at June 30, 2024. This amount is solely due to a provision established on a portion of Provider Relief Funds recognized as federal assistance revenue. The provision was established as a contingency against lost revenue recognized for Phase 3 of the Provider Relief Funds. The FCPA elected to utilize the alternate lost revenue methodology which is subject to future approval by the Department of Health and Human Services.

*Net Position:* Net position increased by \$2.8 million or 1.7% to \$162.1 million. Current assets of \$193.1 million are more than sufficient to cover current liabilities of \$59.5 million. The FCPA has \$63.4 million in long-term debt less current portion at June 30, 2024.

**Table 6 - Condensed Statements of Revenue and Expenses**

	<i>2024</i>	<i>2023</i>	<i>Increase (Decrease)</i>	<i>Percent Change</i>
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Professional fees from direct patient care	\$ 630,586,477	\$ 601,310,539	\$ 29,275,938	4.87%
Professional fees from indirect patient care	247,444,721	234,479,564	12,965,157	5.53%
Other revenue	245,058,611	185,674,272	59,384,339	31.98%
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE	1,123,089,809	1,021,464,375	101,625,434	9.95%
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Contractual services	348,263,658	288,612,347	59,651,311	20.67%
Other operating expenses	56,632,353	58,029,464	(1,397,111)	-2.41%
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	404,896,011	346,641,811	58,254,200	16.81%
OPERATING INCOME	718,193,798	674,822,564	43,371,234	6.43%
NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES):				
Investment income	3,440,904	2,465,672	975,232	-39.55%
Interest expense, net	(2,095,534)	(2,075,476)	(20,058)	0.97%
Lease and subscription interest expense	(2,195,538)	(1,917,008)	(278,530)	14.53%
Change in mark-to-market of interest rate swaps	(384,102)	1,776,714	(2,160,816)	-121.62%
Loss on disposal of property and equipment	(3,856)	2,000	(5,856)	292.80%
Gain on lease termination	454,640	81,686	372,954	-456.57%
Rental revenue	1,277,172	1,017,357	259,815	25.54%
NET NONOPERATING REVENUE	493,686	1,350,945	(857,259)	-63.46%
INCREASE IN NET POSITION BEFORE TRANSFERS				
TOTAL TRANSFERS	(715,932,787)	(699,751,942)	(16,180,845)	2.31%
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET POSITION	\$ 2,754,697	\$ (23,578,433)	\$ 26,333,130	-111.68%

Current year revenues exceeded operating expenses and transfers resulting in an increase in net position for the current year of \$2.8 million.



## FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.

### *Management's Discussion and Analysis - Continued*

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*Operating Revenue:* Total operating revenue for the current year was \$1.1 billion. Professional fees from direct patient care are the most significant source of revenue, representing \$630.6 million or 56.1% of the total operating revenue.

**Table 7 - Professional Fees from Direct Patient Care**

	<i>2024</i>	<i>2023</i>	<i>Increase (Decrease)</i>	<i>Percent Change</i>
Charges	\$ 2,230,463,381	\$ 2,098,223,142	\$ 132,240,239	6.30%
Contractual adjustments	(1,562,768,203)	(1,465,701,340)	(97,066,863)	6.62%
Provision for bad debt	(37,108,701)	(31,211,263)	(5,897,438)	18.90%
Net direct charges from patient care	\$ 630,586,477	\$ 601,310,539	\$ 29,275,938	4.87%

Professional fees from direct patient care increased \$29.3 million or 4.87% during the 2024 fiscal year when compared to the prior year. Total charges increased \$132.2 million or 6.3%. The increased charges were primarily the result of increased volume that was evidenced by an increase in WRVUs of 7.08%. Patient visits, however remained flat year over year.

Contractual adjustments increased \$97 million or 6.6%. Contractual adjustments as a percentage of charges increased .21 to 70.06% compared to the prior year.

Provision for bad debt increased \$5.9 million or 18.9%. Provision for bad debt as a percentage of charges was 1.7% in the current and 1.5% in the prior year.

Professional fees from indirect patient care of \$247.4 million increased \$13.0 million or 5.5% during the 2024 fiscal year. The increase was due to additional revenue primarily from Shands and Halifax Daytona.

*Operating Expenses:* Total operating expenses for the current year were \$404.9 million, an increase of \$58.3 million or 16.8%, when compared to the prior year. The contractual services expense of \$348.3 million (86% of total operating expenses) is the most significant operating expense. This expense increased \$59.7 million or 20.7% from the prior year. Other operating expenses decreased \$1.4 million or 2.4% in the current year.

The largest contractual services expense was for payments to the State's Agency for Health Care Administration totaling \$176.9 million, an increase of \$53 million or 43.2% over the prior fiscal year.

In July 2002, the College of Medicine entered an employee-leasing contract with Shands to staff the College of Medicine's medical clinics and medical billing. Employee-leasing contractual services for clinic and billing operations provided by Shands represent the second largest portion of the contractual services at \$102.1 million, flat to the prior fiscal year. CRNA and the cost of extenders combined for \$51.3 million and \$45.6 million of contractual services in FY 2024 and FY23, respectively, an increase of \$5.7 million, year over year.

## FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.

### *Management's Discussion and Analysis - Continued*

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Other operating expenses were \$56.6 million and decreased \$1.4 million or 2.4% compared to the prior year. This was primarily driven by significant prior year expense refunds. Other operating expenses as a percentage of operating revenue were 5.0% in the current fiscal year and 5.7% in the prior fiscal year.

*Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses):* Total nonoperating revenue (net of expenses) for the current year was \$494 thousand compared to \$1.4 million in the prior fiscal year, a decrease of \$857 thousand. Compared to the prior year, investment income was up \$1.0 million, however this increase is more than offset by the fair value of the mark-to-market interest rate swaps decrease of \$2.2 million.

The \$1.0 million increase in Investment income was primarily due to higher interest rates on investments and cash balances. The \$2.2 million decrease in the fair market value of the FCPA's mark-to-market interest rate swaps was a result of an unfavorable market for the swaps.

*Transfers:* Transfers increased \$16.2 million or 2.3% to \$715.9 million during the 2024 fiscal year. Unlike prior years the Regional Network portion of this increase was only \$1.3 million or 1.7% over FY23. This was offset by a decrease of \$5.7M in non-salary expense, mostly due to lower locum expenses. On the other hand, payroll funding needs (excluding Regional Programs) increased \$23.50 million or 5.16%, of which \$29.4 million was in faculty salaries and benefits. The increase in faculty salaries and benefits was due to the three quarterly EVC payments made in FY24 as part of the new plan. The new Comp Plan requires quarterly EVC payments, instead of the annual incentive payouts under the old Comp Plan. EVCs paid and funded for the first three quarters was approximately \$34M. In June 2024, \$13.5M was transferred to cover the Q4 EVCs Research and Education incentives, but current projections estimate the payouts at \$29M. A few positive drivers helped mitigate the impact of the quarterly EVCs on total salaries & benefits. Staff salaries remained flat, year over year as there were no staff raises for COM employees in FY24. Unlike prior years, the University did not mandate raises in FY24, leaving the decision to colleges. The College of Medicine elected not to offer raises to faculty and staff, as a result of the abysmal financial performance in FY23. COM continued utilization of other UF funds to support non-clinical COM expenses. This had a direct impact of reducing the amount of FCPA transfers needed to support COM activity. In addition, Fringe Benefit pool rates decreased for all pools except for the Student OPS/Federal Work Study pool, resulting in lower fringe benefit costs overall. This contrasted with the higher earnings when compared to the prior year.

Transfers to cover non-salary expenses decreased by approximately \$9.2 million or 12.0%, compared to the 2023 fiscal year, of which \$5.7M was in the Regional Programs. The major driver of the lower Regional Program non-salary expense was the locum expense in Anesthesiology Daytona which was offset by higher physician and staff salaries. The decrease in total non-salary expenses (excluding Regional Programs activity) was \$3.7M, of which \$1.5M was in OCO (a 51.6% decrease over the prior year). The decrease from FY23 was driven by the College's efforts to control expenses and higher utilization of other sources of funds to support non-clinical expenses. In addition to the decrease in OCO, other categories like data processing, repairs & maintenance, travel and food declined by \$605k, \$479k, \$467k, and \$396k respectively. The



## FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.

### *Management's Discussion and Analysis - Continued*

College of Medicine transferred approximately \$6.8 million, from FCPA to other University funds as additional support for education and research. This includes \$2.6 million for renovation of space.

Transfers to fund Housestaff stipends and related expenses increased by \$3.2 million to \$55.5 million in FY24 due to the 6% increase in the stipend rates.

**Table 8 - Operational Key Indicators**

	<i>2024</i>	<i>2023</i>	<i>Increase (Decrease)</i>	<i>Percent Change</i>
WRVUs	6,476,591	6,048,130	428,461	7.08%
Patient visits	1,251,708	1,283,760	(32,052)	-2.50%

Total WRVUs increased 7.1% from the prior year. Patient visits remained flat compared to the prior year. There is a high correlation between the higher WRVUs and the EVCs in FY24.

**Table 9 - Condensed Statements of Cash Flows**

	<i>2024</i>	<i>2023</i>	<i>Increase (Decrease)</i>	<i>Percent Change</i>
CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN):				
Operating activities	\$ 711,214,315	\$ 691,638,879	\$ 19,575,436	2.83%
Noncapital financing activities	(714,645,844)	(698,905,875)	(15,739,969)	2.25%
Capital and related financing activities	(21,100,602)	(21,013,698)	(86,904)	0.41%
Investing activities	18,556,908	2,793,817	15,763,091	564.21%
NET DECREASE				
IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(5,975,223)	(25,486,877)	19,511,654	-76.56%
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	26,542,786	52,029,663	(25,486,877)	-48.99%
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 20,567,563	\$ 26,542,786	\$ (5,975,223)	-22.51%

Total cash and cash equivalents decreased by \$6.0 million in the current year.

*Funds From Operating Activities:* Cash provided by operating activities of \$711.2 million was \$19.6 million or 2.8% more than cash provided by operating activities in the prior fiscal year. The major source of operating funds was receipts from and on behalf of patients and other of \$875.6 million, an increase of \$42.4 million or 5.1% from the prior year. The largest category of payments from operating funds was payments to contractors of \$387.7 million, which increased \$99.1 million or 34.3% from the prior year. Payment to suppliers and other were down \$23.7 million.

## FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.

### *Management's Discussion and Analysis - Continued*

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*Funds From Noncapital Financing Activities:* Cash used in noncapital financing activities of \$714.6 million was \$15.7 million or 2.3% more than cash used in the prior fiscal year. Cash used by noncapital financing activities are primarily funds transferred to the University.

*Funds From Capital and Related Financing Activities:* Cash used in capital and related financing activities was \$21.1 million for fiscal year 2024 compared to \$21 million cash used in financing activities for fiscal year 2023. The overall change was minimal. The largest use of funds for capital and related financing activities in the current year was \$7.2 million for lease and subscription payments.

*Funds From Investing Activities:* Cash provided by investing activities in the current fiscal year was \$18.6 million. In the prior year, cash provided by investing activities was \$2.8 million. The increase of cash provided of \$15.8 million from the prior year is primarily due to a temporary transfer of \$17 million to the FCPA's operating account in June of the current year.

### ECONOMIC FACTORS

The College of Medicine received approximately 6.4% of its funding from an appropriation from the State of Florida in the current fiscal year that is allocated to the College of Medicine by the University. The appropriation is for one year only. The amount that will be appropriated from year to year may, and has, varied depending upon economic and political conditions. The increase (decrease) in state funding directly results in a decrease (increase) in the use of FCPA funds.

In fiscal year 2018 the College of Medicine began participating in the LIP program that is a federal matching program that provides federal funds to Florida health care providers to cover costs for the state's most vulnerable patients. Medical school physician practices are eligible under this program. The College of Medicine recognized \$12.6 million and \$9.2 million in 2023 and 2024 respectively from the Program. Fiscal year 2024 LIP revenue included a provision of \$2.4 million, established to cover potential over payment to the College for the fiscal year 2021 LIP program distribution. This is based on findings from an examination conducted on behalf of the Agency for Health Care Administration. The revenue from the Program represents 1.0% of the FCPA's total operating revenue for fiscal year 2024 and 1.2% for fiscal year 2023. The program is projected to continue throughout fiscal year 2025.

In fiscal year 2024, the FCPA received 34.9% of its total operating revenue from Shands in the manner of both support and payment for services rendered. The ability of Shands to continue to fund support and commerce payments to the FCPA directly impacts the financial condition of the College of Medicine.

A significant portion of the FCPA's revenue is derived from reimbursement for patient services, by third party payers such as Medicare, Medicaid, and private insurance carriers. Therefore, the reimbursement rates contracted with these payers have a significant effect on the financial health of the College of Medicine.

## FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.

### *Management's Discussion and Analysis - Continued*

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Beginning in March 2020, the FCPA's financial position has been significantly impacted in different ways by the COVID-19 pandemic. Patient revenues suffered a significant hit in fiscal year 2020 which was mitigated by leadership's cost cutting interventions and federal assistance revenue received. Fiscal year 2021 saw a turnaround to normal patient activities in most specialties as restrictions were lifted and the local community saw a decline in COVID-19 cases. In fiscal year 2022 we saw a rise in transmissions causing UF Health to implement another elective surgery cancellation order in early August 2021. This wave did not have a significant negative impact on the patient revenue stream. In FY24 the FCPA did not experience any direct impact in services resulting from COVID. However, high labor costs still persist in the industry, amid declining reimbursement rates for some services.

As part of the efforts to improve reimbursement, the FCPA established an accountable care organization (ACO), to enhance payments. The FCPA is yet to recognize any revenue from the ACO. It is expected that this will materialize in FY25.

#### CONTACTING THE FCPA'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the FCPA's Board of Directors, its creditors, and the Board of Trustees of the University of Florida with a general overview of the FCPA's financial position. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the College of Medicine Dean's Office at (352) 265-8017.

## **Financial Statements**

**FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.**

***Statements of Net Position***

	<i>June 30,</i>	
	<i>2024</i>	<i>2023</i>
<b>ASSETS</b>		
<b>CURRENT ASSETS:</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 20,567,563	\$ 26,542,786
Investments	17,015,766	32,121,188
Patient accounts receivable, net of estimated contractual adjustments and uncollectible accounts of \$155,966,470 in 2024 and \$129,066,586 in 2023	100,765,617	98,380,928
Interest receivable	30,180	50,533
Due from affiliates	3,958,792	7,686,296
Other receivables	49,668,314	11,756,558
Lease receivable	827,467	735,450
Other assets	238,256	1,800
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	<b>193,071,955</b>	<b>177,275,539</b>
<b>NON-CURRENT ASSETS:</b>		
Lease receivable, non-current portion	14,090,143	13,117,674
Investment in UF Health South Central, LLC	4,848,257	4,848,257
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	<b>18,938,400</b>	<b>17,965,931</b>
<b>CAPITAL ASSETS:</b>		
Property and equipment, net	76,116,923	80,464,474
Right-of-use lease assets, net	79,173,920	95,846,004
Right-of-use subscription assets, net	8,206,458	2,330,886
Facilities entitlements, net	4,183,477	115,112
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS, NET OF DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION	<b>167,680,778</b>	<b>178,756,476</b>
<b>OTHER ASSETS:</b>		
Estimated fair value of interest rate swaps	2,537,989	2,922,091
Deposits	32,334	45,334
TOTAL OTHER ASSETS	<b>2,570,323</b>	<b>2,967,425</b>
TOTAL ASSETS	<b>\$ 382,261,456</b>	<b>\$ 376,965,371</b>

**FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.**

*Statements of Net Position - Continued*

	<i>June 30,</i>	
	<i>2024</i>	<i>2023</i>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>		
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES:</b>		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 39,509,315	\$ 23,980,301
Current portion of long-term debt	3,768,609	3,700,966
Deferred revenue - Note N	8,401,949	8,401,949
Lease liabilities	5,545,015	5,773,274
Subscription liabilities	1,932,273	586,711
Unearned revenue	369,296	206,293
CURRENT LIABILITIES	<b>59,526,457</b>	42,649,494
<b>OTHER LIABILITIES:</b>		
Long-term debt, less current portion	63,392,751	67,161,360
Lease liabilities, less current portion	76,359,138	92,532,336
Subscription liabilities, less current portion	6,451,097	1,774,402
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<b>205,729,443</b>	204,117,592
<b>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:</b>		
Deferred inflow of resources - leases	14,410,491	13,480,954
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<b>14,410,491</b>	13,480,954
<b>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES -</b>		
Notes G and K		
<b>NET POSITION:</b>		
Net investment in capital assets	6,048,418	7,112,315
Unrestricted	156,073,104	152,254,510
TOTAL NET POSITION	<b>162,121,522</b>	159,366,825
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	<b>\$ 382,261,456</b>	<b>\$ 376,965,371</b>

**FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.**

***Statements of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position***

	<i>Year Ended June 30,</i>	
	<i>2024</i>	<i>2023</i>
<b>OPERATING REVENUE:</b>		
Direct revenue from patient care (net of estimated contractual allowances and discounts)	<b>\$ 667,695,178</b>	\$ 632,521,802
Estimated provision for bad debts	<b>(37,108,701)</b>	(31,211,263)
Net direct revenue from patient care less estimated provision for bad debts	<b>630,586,477</b>	601,310,539
Indirect revenue from patient care	<b>247,444,721</b>	234,479,564
<b>TOTAL NET PATIENT SERVICE REVENUE</b>	<b>878,031,198</b>	835,790,103
Other revenue	<b>245,058,611</b>	185,674,272
<b>TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE</b>	<b>1,123,089,809</b>	1,021,464,375
<b>OPERATING EXPENSES:</b>		
Contractual services	<b>348,263,658</b>	288,612,347
Insurance	<b>4,078,379</b>	3,603,202
Depreciation and amortization	<b>4,879,181</b>	5,255,253
Right-of-use asset amortization	<b>8,389,687</b>	7,685,455
Operating supplies	<b>27,323,678</b>	28,405,768
Occupancy expenses	<b>3,389,674</b>	3,746,334
Printing and reproduction	<b>112,512</b>	125,494
Dues and subscriptions	<b>997,800</b>	1,272,474
Food, travel and entertainment	<b>62,647</b>	347,433
Repairs and maintenance	<b>4,131,091</b>	4,418,736
Advertising	<b>1,400,400</b>	1,328,666
Telephone, postage and other	<b>1,867,304</b>	1,840,649
<b>TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES</b>	<b>404,896,011</b>	346,641,811
<b>OPERATING INCOME</b>	<b>718,193,798</b>	674,822,564
<b>NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES):</b>		
Investment income	<b>3,440,904</b>	2,465,672
Interest expense, net	<b>(2,095,534)</b>	(2,075,476)
Lease and subscription interest expense	<b>(2,195,538)</b>	(1,917,008)
Change in mark-to-market of interest rate swaps	<b>(384,102)</b>	1,776,714
Gain (loss) on disposal of property and equipment	<b>(3,856)</b>	2,000
Gain on lease termination	<b>454,640</b>	81,686
Rental revenue	<b>1,277,172</b>	1,017,357
<b>NET NONOPERATING REVENUE</b>	<b>493,686</b>	1,350,945

**FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.**

***Statements of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position - Continued***

	<i>Year Ended June 30,</i>	
	<i>2024</i>	<i>2023</i>
INCREASE IN NET POSITION BEFORE TRANSFERS	<b>718,687,484</b>	676,173,509
TRANSFERS:		
Transfers to the University of Florida College of Medicine	<b>(709,089,175)</b>	(691,790,521)
Transfers to others	<b>(6,843,612)</b>	(7,961,421)
TOTAL TRANSFERS	<b>(715,932,787)</b>	(699,751,942)
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET POSITION	<b>2,754,697</b>	(23,578,433)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	<b>159,366,825</b>	182,945,258
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	<b>\$ 162,121,522</b>	\$ 159,366,825



**FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.**

***Statements of Cash Flows***

	<i>Year Ended June 30,</i>	
	<i>2024</i>	<i>2023</i>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Receipts from and on behalf of patients	<b>\$ 875,646,509</b>	\$ 833,207,269
Other receipts	<b>250,304,798</b>	197,749,512
Payments to contractors	<b>(387,694,097)</b>	(288,612,347)
Payments to suppliers and others	<b>(26,940,762)</b>	(50,689,180)
Other	<b>(102,133)</b>	(16,375)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<b>711,214,315</b>	691,638,879
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Transfers to the University of Florida College of Medicine	<b>(709,089,175)</b>	(691,790,521)
Transfers to others	<b>(6,843,612)</b>	(7,961,421)
Other nonoperating receipts	<b>1,286,943</b>	846,067
CASH USED IN NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	<b>(714,645,844)</b>	(698,905,875)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Purchases of property and equipment	<b>(5,944,568)</b>	(1,447,110)
Proceeds from the sale of property and equipment	<b>135,296</b>	2,000
Principal payments on lease and subscription liabilities	<b>(7,183,419)</b>	(6,842,412)
Principal payments on long-term debt	<b>(3,700,966)</b>	(8,733,692)
Interest paid - lease and subscription liabilities	<b>(2,195,538)</b>	(1,917,008)
Interest paid - long-term debt	<b>(2,211,407)</b>	(2,075,476)
CASH USED IN CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	<b>(21,100,602)</b>	(21,013,698)
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Interest and dividends received	<b>2,759,871</b>	1,198,828
Purchase of investments	<b>(17,702,963)</b>	-
Proceeds from sales of investments	<b>33,500,000</b>	-
Capital distribution from UF Health South Central LLC investment	<b>-</b>	1,594,989
CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	<b>18,556,908</b>	2,793,817
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	<b>(5,975,223)</b>	(25,486,877)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	<b>26,542,786</b>	52,029,663
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	<b>\$ 20,567,563</b>	\$ 26,542,786

**FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.**

***Statements of Cash Flows - Continued***

	<i>Year Ended June 30,</i>	
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
<b>RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO</b>		
<b>NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Operating income	<b>\$ 718,193,798</b>	\$ 674,822,564
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	<b>13,268,868</b>	12,940,708
Increase (decrease) in cash due to changes in:		
Accounts receivable, net	<b>(2,384,689)</b>	(2,582,834)
Due from affiliates	<b>3,727,504</b>	16,504,843
Other receivables	<b>(37,911,756)</b>	(4,429,603)
Lease assets	<b>(1,064,486)</b>	-
Lease liabilities	<b>929,537</b>	-
Other assets	<b>(223,456)</b>	150
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	<b>16,515,992</b>	(5,515,514)
Unearned revenue	<b>163,003</b>	(101,435)
<b>NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>	<b>\$ 711,214,315</b>	<b>\$ 691,638,879</b>
<b>SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NONCASH CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Capital asset additions included in accounts payable	<b>\$ 286,451</b>	\$ 1,491,872
Capital assets obtained through lease and subscription liabilities	<b>\$ 9,377,244</b>	\$ 7,367,905

## FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.

### *Notes to Financial Statements*

#### *Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023*

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##### NOTE A--REPORTING ENTITY

The Florida Clinical Practice Association, Inc. (the FCPA) is a not-for-profit corporation formed in 1976 by the physicians at the University of Florida College of Medicine (the College of Medicine) and activated in 1984. The FCPA performs the billing and collection of professional fees associated with the practice of medicine at the College of Medicine. The FCPA was formed primarily for the purpose of enhancing the quality of medical education at the College of Medicine. The FCPA transfers funds to the College of Medicine for use in funding salary supplements and other related costs for the benefit of the faculty of the College of Medicine. The FCPA also transfers funds to the University of Florida (the University) in the furtherance of its above stated purpose. The College of Medicine may, from time-to-time, be contractually obligated to provide for physician incentive compensation. The FCPA may be requested to transfer funds to satisfy the College of Medicine's incentive obligations. The FCPA accounts for such transactions as these transfers are required. The FCPA is an affiliated organization component unit of the University and is, therefore, included by discrete presentation in the financial statements of that reporting entity.

*Blended Component Unit:* UF Health ACO Gainesville, LLC (the ACO) is included as a blended component unit. The FCPA became the sole member of the ACO during 2024. The ACO was formed to function and operate as an accountable care organization as envisioned by the Patient Protection and Affordable Act including, without limitation, via participation in the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services Shared Savings Program. The governing body of the ACO consists of key Board members and senior management of the FCPA. A bank account for the ACO was established for \$200 during 2024 and represented the only activity for the ACO for the year ended June 30, 2024.

##### NOTE B--SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

*Basis of Presentation:* The FCPA is accounted for as an internal service fund. Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods and services by one college or agency to independent agencies and other governments.

The FCPA's accounting policies conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to public colleges and universities, as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The FCPA reports as an entity engaged in only business-type activities. This election requires the adoption of the accrual basis of accounting.

*Basis of Accounting:* The FCPA's financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenue, expenses, gains, losses, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of

## FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.

### *Notes to Financial Statements - Continued*

#### *Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023*

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resources resulting from non-exchange activities are generally recognized when all applicable eligibility requirements, including time requirements, are met. The FCPA follows GASB standards of accounting and financial reporting.

*Cash and Cash Equivalents:* The FCPA considers all highly liquid investments, including cash and interest-bearing deposits with original or remaining maturity dates of less than 90 days when purchased and overnight repurchase agreements, excluding amounts whose use is limited or otherwise restricted, as cash equivalents for purposes of reporting cash flows.

*Investments:* Investments, excluding equity method investments, are stated at fair value based on market prices. The portion of investments related to financial instruments without maturities or with remaining maturities of less than one year is classified as current assets. Investment income is reported, net of investment expenses, as nonoperating revenue (expenses). The cost of securities sold is determined by the specific identification method, with net realized gains and losses being reported in nonoperating revenue (expenses) as a component of investment income (loss).

Any changes in fair value are recognized in the statements of revenue, expenses, and changes in net position as a component of investment income (loss).

*Derivative Instruments:* The FCPA records all derivatives as assets or liabilities on the statements of net position at estimated fair value which includes credit value adjustments. The FCPA's derivative holdings consist of interest rate swap agreements. Since these derivatives have not been determined to be effective hedges, the gain or loss resulting from changes in the fair value of the derivatives is recognized in the accompanying statements of revenue, expenses, and changes in net position. The FCPA's objectives in using derivatives are to manage exposure to interest rate risks associated with various debt instruments (see Note I).

*Net Patient Service Revenue and Receivables:* Patient service revenue is recognized as revenue in the period when the services are performed and is reported on the accrual basis at the estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payers, and others. A significant portion of the services provided by the FCPA is to patients whose bills are reimbursed by third-party payers such as Medicare, Medicaid, and private insurance carriers. Net patient service revenue includes amounts estimated by management to be reimbursable by third-party payer programs under payment formulas in effect. Net patient service revenue also includes an estimated provision for bad debts based upon management's evaluation of collectability of patient receivables considering the age of the receivables and other criteria, such as payer classifications.

Patient accounts receivable are reported net of both an estimated allowance for uncollectible accounts and an allowance for contractual adjustments. Individual accounts are charged-off against the estimated allowance for uncollectible accounts when management determines that it is unlikely that the account will be collected. The contractual allowance represents the difference between established billing rates and estimated reimbursement from Medicare, Medicaid, and other third-

## FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.

### *Notes to Financial Statements - Continued*

#### *Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023*

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party payment programs. The FCPA's policy does not require collateral or other security for patient accounts receivable and the FCPA routinely accepts assignment of, or is otherwise entitled to receive, patient benefits payable under health insurance programs, plans, or policies.

*Capital Assets:* The FCPA's capital assets are reported at historical cost, with the exception of right-to-use assets, which are recorded equal to the associated liability plus initial direct costs, prepayments, or incentives. Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation and amortization are calculated utilizing the straight-line method over the following estimated service lives which consist of 2-40 years for building and leasehold improvements; 3-7 years for furniture, equipment and computer hardware; and 3-10 years for computer software. Right-to-use assets are being amortized over the lesser of the term of the agreement or estimated useful life of the asset. Facilities entitlements are being amortized utilizing the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related facilities of 10-25 years (see Note E). Maintenance and repair costs are expensed as incurred. The FCPA periodically reviews capital assets for indications of potential impairment. If this review indicates that the carrying amount of these assets may not be recoverable, the FCPA estimates the future cash flows expected to result from the operations of the asset and its eventual disposition. If the sum of these future cash flows (undiscounted and without interest charges) is less than the carrying amount of the asset, a write-down to estimated fair value is recorded.

*Lease Liabilities and Right-of-Use Lease Assets:* The present value of lease payments is recorded as a lease liability at the commencement of a contract that has a term in excess of one year. The present value is determined by discounting the required payments using the stated or implicit interest rate in the lease or, if not stated or implied, the FCPA's incremental borrowing rate. Payments include options to extend, or terminate, if the FCPA determines that it is reasonably certain that such options will be exercised. A right-of-use asset is also recorded equal to the lease liability plus any initial direct costs, prepayments, or incentives.

*Subscription Liabilities and Right-of-Use Subscription Assets:* The present value of agreement payments is recorded as a subscription liability at the commencement of a contract that has a term in excess of one year. The present value is determined by discounting the required payments using the stated or implicit interest rate in the agreement or, if not stated or implied, the FCPA's incremental borrowing rate. Payments include options to extend, or terminate, if the FCPA determines that it is reasonably certain that such options will be exercised. A right-of-use asset is also recorded equal to the subscription liability plus any implementation costs, prepayments, or incentives.

*Lease Receivable:* FCPA's lease receivables are measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term. Under the lease agreements, FCPA will receive variable lease payments based on the year as stated in the terms of the contract. The payments are recorded as inflow of resources in the period the payments are received.

## FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.

### *Notes to Financial Statements - Continued*

#### *Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023*

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A deferred inflow of resources is recorded for the leases. The deferred inflow of resources is recorded at the initiation of the leases in an amount equal to the initial recording of the lease receivables. The deferred inflow of resources is amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the leases.

*Net Position:* Net position of the FCPA is classified in components. *Net investment in capital assets* consists of property and equipment and right-of-use assets net of accumulated depreciation and amortization and reduced by the current balances of any outstanding borrowings used to finance the purchase or construction of those assets and lease and subscription liabilities. *Restricted expendable* net position consists of assets that must be used for a particular purpose that are externally imposed by creditors. *Unrestricted* is the remaining net position that does not meet the definition of net investment in capital assets or restricted expendable. The FCPA had no restricted net position at June 30, 2024 and 2023.

*Operating Revenue and Expenses:* The FCPA's statements of revenue, expenses, and changes in net position distinguish between operating and nonoperating revenue and expenses. Operating revenue results from exchange transactions associated with providing healthcare and education services - the FCPA's principal activity. Other sources of revenue, including investment earnings and rental revenue, are reported as nonoperating revenue. Operating expenses are all expenses incurred to provide healthcare and education services, other than financing costs and nonoperating losses.

*Income Taxes:* The FCPA is exempt from federal income taxes under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3) and is exempt from state income taxes. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been included in the accompanying financial statements. There were no uncertain tax positions. Tax returns for the years ended June 30, 2021, through 2024 are subject to examination by taxing authorities.

*Use of Estimates:* The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates associated with contractual allowances, allowances for uncollectible accounts, amounts to be received under the Medicaid Enhanced Payment Program and interest rate swaps are particularly susceptible to material change in the near term. Future results could differ from the current estimates.

#### NOTE C--INVESTMENTS

The FCPA had the following investments as of June 30, 2024 and 2023:



**FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.**

*Notes to Financial Statements - Continued*

**Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023**

<i>Investments</i>	<i>Maturities</i>	<i>Call Options</i>	<i>Fair Value</i>	
			<i>2024</i>	<i>2023</i>
HSBC USA Inc.	04/17/2024	Non Call	\$ -	\$ 991,769
Goldman Sachs Money Market	N/A	N/A	494,705	-
Vanguard S-T Corp Fund	N/A	N/A	4,312,855	4,067,925
Vanguard Dividend Growth Fund	N/A	N/A	12,208,206	11,212,203
TD Wealth Sweep Program	N/A	N/A	-	15,849,291
TOTAL			<u>\$ 17,015,766</u>	<u>\$ 32,121,188</u>

*Interest Rate Risk:* The FCPA does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from changes in interest rates. Investments of the FCPA and their future maturities as of June 30, 2024 are as follows:

<i>Types of Investments</i>	<i>Fair Value</i>	<i>Investment Maturities (in Years)</i>				
		<i>Less than 1</i>		<i>1-5</i>	<i>6-10</i>	<i>More than 10</i>
		<i>Fair Value</i>				
Money Market	\$ 494,705	\$ 494,705	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Stock Mutual Fund	12,208,206	12,208,206	-	-	-	
Bond Mutual Fund	4,312,855	4,312,855	-	-	-	
TOTAL	<u>\$ 17,015,766</u>	<u>\$ 17,015,766</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	

*Credit Risk:* The FCPA's investment policy limits investments in commercial paper to prime rated corporations with at least \$250,000,000 in equity capital. The FCPA has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. As of June 30, 2024, the FCPA had investments with quality ratings by nationally recognized rating agencies (i.e., Moody's Investor Service and Standard and Poor's Rating Agency) as follows:

<i>Types of Investments</i>	<i>Fair Value</i>	<i>Less than A/Ba or Not Rated</i>			
		<i>AAA/Aaa</i>	<i>AA/Aa</i>	<i>Aa3</i>	<i>Rated</i>
Bond Mutual Fund	\$ 4,312,855	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,312,855	\$ -
TOTAL	<u>\$ 4,312,855</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 4,312,855</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

*Custodial Credit Risk:* The majority of the FCPA's investments are uninsured and unregistered securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent but not in the FCPA's name.

*Concentration of Credit Risk:* The FCPA's investment policy limits investments in commercial paper to no more than \$2,000,000 in any individual corporation. The FCPA has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. The FCPA's investments were concentrated with various issuers as of June 30, 2024 as follows:

**FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.**

*Notes to Financial Statements - Continued*

***Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023***

<i>Issuer</i>	<i>Fair Value</i>	<i>% Total</i>
Vanguard Dividend Growth Fund	\$ 12,208,206	71.7%
Vanguard S-T Corp Fund	4,312,855	25.4%
Goldman Sachs Money Market	494,705	2.9%
TOTAL	<u>\$ 17,015,766</u>	<u>100.0%</u>

The changes in fair value of investments for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Fair value at end of year	\$ 17,015,766	\$ 32,121,188
Add: Proceeds of called/matured investments	33,500,000	-
Less: Cost of investments purchased	(17,145,414)	(106,658)
Less: Reinvested dividends	(557,549)	(470,299)
Less: Fair value at beginning of year	(32,121,188)	(30,858,843)
Change in fair value of investments	<u>\$ 691,615</u>	<u>\$ 685,388</u>

At June 30, 2024 and 2023, the FCPA had \$3,916,419 and \$3,735,934, respectively, of deposits in sweep accounts with financial institutions. These deposits were insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation coverage limit standard insurance amount of \$250,000 per depositor, per insured bank, for each account ownership category. The FCPA does not have a deposit policy.

*Investment in UF Health South Central, LLC (the LLC):* During fiscal year 2017, the FCPA and UF Health Shands Hospital (Shands) entered an operating agreement for equal ownership and control of the LLC. The LLC is considered a joint venture of the FCPA and Shands, and the investment is accounted for under the equity method. The following is the condensed, unaudited financial information related to the LLC as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Assets	<u>\$ 9,891,252</u>
Liabilities	<u>\$ 194,739</u>
Net position	<u>\$ 9,696,513</u>
Net gain	<u>\$ -</u>

**NOTE D--NET PATIENT SERVICE REVENUE AND PATIENT ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE**

Net patient service revenue is derived principally from professional fees generated by the faculty of the College of Medicine from treating patients. Net patient service revenue is classified into two components. The first component, direct revenue from patient care, is revenue from professional



## FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.

### Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

#### Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

fees charged to individual patients and funded through third party payers and private patient payments based on established reimbursement rates. The second component of net patient service revenue is indirect revenue from patient care professional services performed, which is not funded by healthcare managed care or health maintenance organizations (HMO). The indirect revenue from patient care is not based on established reimbursement rates from third party payers. Indirect revenue from patient care services is based on negotiated contracts with sponsoring organizations to receive professional services at negotiated fees for the sponsoring organization's members. A reconciliation of the net patient service revenue and amounts of services provided to patients at established rates to direct revenue from patient care, as presented in the statements of revenue, expenses, and changes in net position is as follows:

	<i>Year Ended June 30,</i>	
	<i>2024</i>	<i>2023</i>
Gross direct charges from patient care	\$ 2,230,463,381	\$ 2,098,223,142
Less: Contractual adjustments	(1,562,768,203)	(1,465,701,340)
Estimated provision for bad debts	(37,108,701)	(31,211,263)
Total direct revenue from patient care	630,586,477	601,310,539
Indirect revenue from patient care	247,444,721	234,479,564
Total net patient service revenue	\$ 878,031,198	\$ 835,790,103

Patient service revenue, net of contractual allowances by major payer source, is as follows:

	<i>Year Ended June 30,</i>	
	<i>2024</i>	<i>2023</i>
Third-party payers	\$ 548,870,635	\$ 507,960,454
Patients, including self-insured	66,448,923	64,734,434
Medicaid Enhanced Payment Program	52,375,620	59,826,914
	\$ 667,695,178	\$ 632,521,802

Contractual adjustments for 2024 and 2023 include approximately \$48,346,000 and \$47,792,000, respectively, related to adjustments provided to self-insured patient accounts, offered under a discount program according to the FCPA's self-pay discount policy.

Accounts receivables are reduced by an estimated allowance for uncollectible accounts. In evaluating the collectability of accounts receivable, FCPA analyzes its past history for each of its major payer sources of revenue to estimate the appropriate allowance and provision for bad debts. Management regularly reviews data about these major payer sources of revenue in evaluating the sufficiency of the allowance for bad debts.

## FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.

### *Notes to Financial Statements - Continued*

#### *Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023*

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A summary of the payment arrangements with major third-party payers follows:

*Medicare:* All College of Medicine faculty physicians are participating in the Medicare program. Medicare pays 80% of the allowed charge with the patient being responsible for a 20% co-payment and an annual deductible. A contractual adjustment is recorded for the difference between the physician's charge and the Medicare allowable amount.

*Medicaid:* Services furnished by the College of Medicine to Medicaid patients are reimbursed under a state fee schedule.

*Medicaid Enhanced Payment Program:* Physicians employed by or under contract with designated Florida medical schools are eligible to receive supplemental reimbursement under the Medicaid Enhanced Payment Program (the Program). Net patient service revenue for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, includes \$52,375,620 and \$59,826,914, respectively, related to the Program. Net patient accounts receivable at June 30, 2024 and 2023, includes \$55,176,933 and \$57,300,552, respectively, in expected future payments under the Program.

The future of the Medicaid Enhanced Payment Program is uncertain. If this program were to be discontinued or further modified, the impact on the FCPA could be significant.

*Low Income Pool (LIP):* During 2018, the FCPA began receiving funding under the LIP program which is a federal matching program that provides federal funds to Florida health care providers to cover costs for the state's most vulnerable patients. Medical school physician practices are eligible under this program. Funding for the LIP program comes from intergovernmental transfers (IGT) and federal matching funds. IGTs are transfers of funds to the Agency for Health Care Administration from non-Medicaid governmental entities. IGT funds are then used to draw down federal matching funds and payments are made to eligible providers. Providers are encouraged to contribute funds to ensure maximum payments from the LIP program. Net patient service revenue for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, includes \$9,210,003 and \$12,623,198, respectively, related to the program. There were no amounts due under the LIP program as of June 30, 2024 and 2023.

*Other:* The College of Medicine has also entered into payment agreements with certain commercial insurance carriers, HMOs, and preferred provider organizations (PPO). The basis for payment to the College of Medicine, which are deposited into the FCPA's accounts under these agreements, vary. Many of the PPO arrangements are based on the third-party's fee schedule and certain of the HMOs are based on capitated arrangements.

Amounts earned under contractual arrangements with the Medicare and Medicaid programs are subject to review and final determination by administrative contractors, fiscal intermediaries and other appropriate governmental authorities or their agents. In the opinion of management, adequate provision has been made for any adjustments which may result from such reviews. Activity with respect to these reviews has increased and is expected to continue to increase in the future. No

**FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.**

*Notes to Financial Statements - Continued*

***Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023***

additional reserves have been established with regard to possible increased reviews in the future as management is not able to estimate such amounts. In addition, participation in these programs subjects the FCPA to significant rules and regulations; failure to adhere to such could result in fines, penalties, or expulsion from the programs.

The FCPA's net patient accounts receivable consists primarily of amounts funded through third-party payer and private payments. Net patient accounts receivable are summarized as follows:

	<i>As of June 30,</i>	
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Patient accounts receivable based on established charges	\$ 256,732,087	\$ 227,447,514
Estimated contractual adjustments	(145,477,624)	(121,199,999)
Estimated allowance for uncollectible accounts	(10,488,846)	(7,866,587)
Patient accounts receivable, net	<u>\$ 100,765,617</u>	<u>\$ 98,380,928</u>

Net patient accounts receivable by major financial classification is as follows:

	<i>As of June 30,</i>	
	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Insurance carriers under commercial and managed care plans	\$ 29,889,131	\$ 26,086,477
Medicare	10,356,926	9,558,686
Medicaid	2,523,047	3,019,139
Patients, including self-insured	1,354,343	1,283,784
Other	1,465,237	1,132,290
Medicaid Enhanced Payment Program and Low Income Pool Program	55,176,933	57,300,552
	<u>\$ 100,765,617</u>	<u>\$ 98,380,928</u>

The activity relating to the estimated allowance for uncollectible accounts for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, is summarized as follows:

	<b>2024</b>	<b>2023</b>
Beginning balance	\$ 7,866,587	\$ 6,802,052
Provision	37,108,701	31,211,263
Charge-offs	(34,486,442)	(30,146,728)
Ending balance	<u>\$ 10,488,846</u>	<u>\$ 7,866,587</u>

## FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.

### Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

#### Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

FCPA's estimated allowance for uncollectible accounts increased from the year ended June 30, 2023, to the year ended June 30, 2024, primarily related to increased patient visits. There were no significant changes in the methodology used to estimate the allowance for uncollectible accounts related to patient accounts receivable for the year ended June 30, 2024.

The FCPA provided uncompensated care with gross charges of approximately \$122,376,000 and \$112,795,000 in 2024 and 2023, respectively. Included in the uncompensated care amounts are approximately \$27,200,000 and \$24,550,000 in charges foregone identified as charity care, in accordance with the FCPA's charity care policy, in 2024 and 2023, respectively. The estimated direct and indirect cost of providing these services totaled approximately \$7,679,000 and \$7,124,000 in 2024 and 2023, respectively. Such costs are determined using a ratio of cost to charges analysis with indirect cost allocated under a reasonable and systematic approach.

#### NOTE E--CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of property and equipment and schedule of activity is as follows:

	<i>Balance at</i> <i>June 30, 2023</i>	<i>Additions</i>	<i>Retirements</i>	<i>Transfers</i>	<i>Balance at</i> <i>June 30, 2024</i>
Property and equipment:					
Building	\$ 70,248,920	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 70,248,920
Land	1,648,523	-	-	-	1,648,523
Leasehold improvements	24,067,158	27,901	-	-	24,095,059
Furniture, equipment and computers	30,589,342	1,740,370	631,986	168,413	31,866,139
Total property and equipment	126,553,943	1,768,271	631,986	168,413	127,858,641
Accumulated depreciation and amortization:					
Building	14,991,017	1,843,296	-	-	16,834,313
Leasehold improvements	6,852,308	1,138,949	-	-	7,991,257
Furniture, equipment and computers	25,659,895	1,749,087	492,834	-	26,916,148
Total accumulated depreciation and amortization	47,503,220	4,731,332	492,834	-	51,741,718
	79,050,723	(2,963,061)	139,152	168,413	76,116,923
Capital assets in progress	1,413,751	15,420	-	(1,429,171)	-
Total property and equipment, net	\$ 80,464,474	\$ (2,947,641)	\$ 139,152	\$ (1,260,758)	\$ 76,116,923

## FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.

### Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

#### Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

	<i>Balance at</i> <i>June 30, 2022</i>	<i>Additions</i>	<i>Retirements</i>	<i>Transfers</i>	<i>Balance at</i> <i>June 30, 2023</i>
Property and equipment:					
Building	\$ 70,248,920	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 70,248,920
Land	1,648,523	-	-	-	1,648,523
Leasehold improvements	23,868,665	198,493	-	-	24,067,158
Furniture, equipment and computers	29,493,162	1,170,233	74,053	-	30,589,342
Intangible asset	750,000	-	750,000	-	-
Total property and equipment	126,009,270	1,368,726	824,053	-	126,553,943
Accumulated depreciation and amortization:					
Building	13,132,002	1,859,015	-	-	14,991,017
Leasehold improvements	5,725,911	1,126,397	-	-	6,852,308
Furniture, equipment and computers	23,760,501	1,973,447	74,053	-	25,659,895
Intangible asset	750,000	-	750,000	-	-
Total accumulated depreciation and amortization	43,368,414	4,958,859	824,053	-	47,503,220
	82,640,856	(3,590,133)	-	-	79,050,723
Capital assets in progress	-	1,413,751	-	-	1,413,751
Total property and equipment, net	\$ 82,640,856	\$ (2,176,382)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 80,464,474

There were no capital assets in progress as of June 30, 2024.

A summary of lease assets and schedule of activity is as follows:

	<i>Balance at</i> <i>June 30, 2023</i>	<i>Additions</i>	<i>Retirements</i>	<i>Transfers</i>	<i>Balance at</i> <i>June 30, 2024</i>
Right-of-use lease assets:					
Non-affiliate	\$ 73,919,906	\$ 1,999,276	\$ 12,904,395	\$ -	\$ 63,014,787
Affiliate	39,463,295	7,568,793	9,984,402	-	37,047,686
Equipment	1,709,603	323,778	216,772	-	1,816,609
Total right-of-use lease assets	115,092,804	9,891,847	23,105,569	-	101,879,082
Accumulated amortization:					
Non-affiliate	11,127,036	3,833,423	2,545,448	-	12,415,011
Affiliate	7,351,132	2,340,737	345,180	-	9,346,689
Equipment	768,632	394,617	219,787	-	943,462
Total accumulated amortization	19,246,800	6,568,777	3,110,415	-	22,705,162
Total right-of-use lease assets, net	\$ 95,846,004	\$ 3,323,070	\$ 19,995,154	\$ -	\$ 79,173,920

**FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.**

*Notes to Financial Statements - Continued*

**Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023**

	<i>Balance at June 30, 2022</i>	<i>Additions</i>	<i>Retirements</i>	<i>Transfers</i>	<i>Balance at June 30, 2023</i>
Right-of-use lease assets:					
Non-affiliate	\$ 69,409,968	\$ 5,549,378	\$ 1,039,440	\$ -	\$ 73,919,906
Affiliate	37,203,529	4,640,484	2,380,718	-	39,463,295
Equipment	1,607,617	101,986	-	-	1,709,603
Total right-of-use lease assets	108,221,114	10,291,848	3,420,158	-	115,092,804
Accumulated amortization:					
Non-affiliate	7,377,546	3,947,547	198,057	-	11,127,036
Affiliate	4,798,150	2,827,487	274,505	-	7,351,132
Equipment	430,771	337,861	-	-	768,632
Total accumulated amortization	12,606,467	7,112,895	472,562	-	19,246,800
Total right-of-use lease assets, net	\$ 95,614,647	\$ 3,178,953	\$ 2,947,596	\$ -	\$ 95,846,004

FCPA has recorded right-of-use assets in accordance with GASB Statement No. 87. The right-of-use assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right-of-use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease. Further discussion regarding the related lease liabilities can be found in Note G.

A summary of right-of-use subscription assets and schedule of activity is as follows:

	<i>Balance at June 30, 2023</i>	<i>Additions</i>	<i>Retirements</i>	<i>Transfers</i>	<i>Balance at June 30, 2024</i>
Right-of-use subscription assets:					
Non-affiliate	\$ 3,420,203	\$ -	\$ 618	\$ -	\$ 3,419,585
Affiliate	48,075	7,702,928	24,448	-	7,726,555
Total right-of-use subscription assets	3,468,278	7,702,928	25,066	-	11,146,140
Accumulated amortization:					
Non-affiliate	1,119,110	560,555	117	-	1,679,548
Affiliate	18,282	1,260,355	18,503	-	1,260,134
Total accumulated amortization	1,137,392	1,820,910	18,620	-	2,939,682
Total right-of-use subscription assets, net	\$ 2,330,886	\$ 5,882,018	\$ 6,446	\$ -	\$ 8,206,458

	<i>Balance at June 30, 2022</i>	<i>Additions</i>	<i>Retirements</i>	<i>Transfers</i>	<i>Balance at June 30, 2023</i>
Right-of-use subscription assets:					
Non-affiliate	\$ 3,420,203	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,420,203
Affiliate	24,423	23,652	-	-	48,075
Total right-of-use subscription assets	3,444,626	23,652	-	-	3,468,278
Accumulated amortization:					
Non-affiliate	558,320	560,790	-	-	\$ 1,119,110
Affiliate	6,513	11,769	-	-	18,282
Total accumulated amortization	564,833	572,559	-	-	1,137,392
Total right-of-use subscription assets, net	\$ 2,879,793	\$ (548,907)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,330,886

**FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.**

*Notes to Financial Statements - Continued*

***Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023***

FCPA has recorded right-of-use subscription assets as a result of implementing GASB Statement No. 96. The right-of-use subscription assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related subscription liability plus any payments made prior to the agreement term, less any incentives, plus any implementation costs that can be capitalized. The right-of-use subscription assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease. Further discussion regarding the related subscription liabilities can be found in Note G.

During the years 1991 through 1999, the FCPA contributed a total of \$33,494,258 toward the cost of buildings on the campus of the University. During 2024, the FCPA contributed an additional \$4,216,214 toward the cost of buildings on the campus of the University. Because the faculty associated with the practice of medicine from which the FCPA receives professional fees is entitled to utilize these facilities in their endeavors, such costs were capitalized. Amortization expense relating to these facilities entitlements was approximately \$148,000 and \$296,000 for each of the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively.

**NOTE F--LONG-TERM DEBT**

Activity in long-term debt for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, are as follows:

	<i>Balance at June 30, 2023</i>	<i>Issuances</i>	<i>Retirements</i>	<i>Balance at June 30, 2024</i>	<i>Amounts Due Within One Year</i>
Direct borrowings:					
Health Facilities Revenue Bonds Series 2012 refinanced with series 2022	\$ 16,612,246	\$ -	\$ (1,306,122)	\$ 15,306,124	\$ 1,306,122
Health Facilities Revenue Bond, Series 2017	27,942,080	-	(1,089,844)	26,852,236	1,117,487
Health Facilities Revenue Bond, Series 2019	26,308,000	-	(1,305,000)	25,003,000	1,345,000
Total Long-Term Debt	<u>\$ 70,862,326</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (3,700,966)</u>	<u>\$ 67,161,360</u>	<u>\$ 3,768,609</u>
	<i>Balance at June 30, 2022</i>	<i>Issuances</i>	<i>Retirements</i>	<i>Balance at June 30, 2023</i>	<i>Amounts Due Within One Year</i>
Direct borrowings:					
2013 Notes Payable	\$ 5,097,685	\$ -	\$ (5,097,685)	\$ -	\$ -
Health Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2012 refinanced with Series 2022	17,918,369	-	(1,306,123)	16,612,246	1,306,122
Health Facilities Revenue Bond, Series 2017	29,004,964	-	(1,062,884)	27,942,080	1,089,844
Health Facilities Revenue Bond, Series 2019	27,575,000	-	(1,267,000)	26,308,000	1,305,000
Total Long-Term Debt	<u>\$ 79,596,018</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (8,733,692)</u>	<u>\$ 70,862,326</u>	<u>\$ 3,700,966</u>



## FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.

### *Notes to Financial Statements - Continued*

#### *Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023*

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During 2013, the Alachua County Health Facilities Authority (the Authority) issued \$32,000,000 of tax-exempt Health Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2012 (the Series 2012 Bonds) and loaned the proceeds to the FCPA to finance a clinic location. Based on a Financing Agreement dated August 1, 2012, between the Authority, the FCPA and TD Bank, N.A. (the Bondholder), the FCPA is responsible for the repayment of the proceeds from the Series 2012 Bonds and is required to make debt payments directly to the Bondholder. The redemption of the Series 2012 Bonds is provided for by monthly principal payments of \$108,844 which began in April 2013 and ends March 2036. The Series 2012 Bonds require monthly interest payments based on a variable rate which was calculated as 75% of the Adjusted one-month LIBOR Rate plus 110 basis points. During 2023, the Series 2012 Bonds were refinanced with Series 2022 Bonds for the same original purpose in the amount of \$17,591,836. Monthly principal payments of \$108,844, began October 1, 2022, continuing through February 1, 2036. A final principal payment of \$68,027 is due March 1, 2036. Required monthly interest payments are based on a 3.4% per annum rate.

During 2017, the Authority issued a tax-exempt Health Facility Revenue Bond (the Series 2017 Bond) not to exceed \$33,000,000 and loaned the proceeds in multiple advances to the FCPA for acquisition, construction, and equipping of healthcare facilities. Based on a Financing Agreement dated May 1, 2017, between the Authority, the FCPA, and TD Bank, N.A. (the Bondholder), the FCPA is responsible for the repayment of the proceeds from the Series 2017 Bond and is required to make debt payments directly to the Bondholder. The Series 2017 Bond required a monthly interest payment based on a variable rate of 69.75% of the Adjusted one-month LIBOR Rate plus 89 basis points. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the Series 2017 Bond was amended and requires a monthly interest payment based on a variable rate of 69.75% of Term Secure Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR) reference rate plus 66.15 basis points. The variable rate was 5.32% and 5.18% at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The Series 2017 Bond matures in May 2043, with annual principal payments which began May 1, 2019.

During 2019, the Authority issued a \$30,000,000 tax-exempt Health Facilities Revenue Bond, Series 2019 (the Series 2019 Bond) and loaned the proceeds to the FCPA for the acquisition, construction, and equipping of healthcare facilities. Based on a Financing Agreement dated March 27, 2019, between the Authority and the Bondholder, the FCPA is responsible for the repayment of the proceeds from the Series 2019 Bond and is required to make debt payments directly to the Bondholder. The Series 2019 Bond required a monthly interest payment based on a variable rate of 81.5% of the Adjusted one-month LIBOR Rate plus 65.2 basis points. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the Series 2019 Bond was amended and requires a monthly interest payment based on a variable rate of 81.5% of Term SOFR reference rate plus 70.6 basis points. The variable rate was 5.05% and 4.91% at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. The Series 2019 Bond matures in March 2039, with annual principal payments which began March 1, 2021. The Series 2019 Bond contains a demand purchase option where the Borrower agrees to purchase the entire bond series on March 27, 2029, for an amount equal to 100% of the outstanding principal unless the Bondholder provides the Borrower and Issuer written notice 180 day prior to the optional tender date.



## FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.

### Notes to Financial Statements - Continued

#### Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

There are numerous restrictive covenants contained in the agreements related to the Series 2022 Bonds, Series 2019 Bond, and the Series 2017 Bond. The Series 2022 Bonds, Series 2019 Bond, the 2017 Bond have the same restrictive covenants, and all were financed by the Bondholder. Among other things, the FCPA is restricted as to additional borrowings or liens on property, mergers and acquisitions, and sale of assets. In addition, FCPA is required to maintain liquid assets (cash, cash equivalents and short-term marketable securities) with a fair value of at least \$10,000,000 and maintain a debt service coverage ratio of 1.25. Certain terms were amended as it relates to the covenants and were effective as of June 30, 2023. The amendment includes a provision that in the event the FCPA is not in compliance with the debt service coverage ratio of 1.25, it is not considered an event of default if Shands is in compliance with a debt service coverage ratio of at least 1.10. The FCPA was in compliance with these restrictive covenants as amended at June 30, 2024. The Series 2022 Bonds, Series 2019 Bond, and the series 2017 Bond are secured by Security Agreements between the FCPA and the Bondholder which grant the Bondholder an interest in all assets, properties, and rights of debtor of every kind, wherever located, whether now owned or hereafter acquired with certain exemptions.

In fiscal year 2012, the FCPA entered into a ground lease with Shands related to the real property on which the clinic, financed by the Series 2012 Bonds, is located. In fiscal year 2017, the ground lease was amended to add additional land for the new clinic financed by the Series 2017 Bond. Future lease payments related to this agreement are included in the amounts documented in Note G.

The estimated future debt service requirements, based upon the interest rates in effect at June 30, 2024, are as follows:

<i>Year Ending June 30,</i>	<i>Principal</i>	<i>Interest</i>	<i>Total</i>
2025	\$ 3,768,609	\$ 3,202,702	\$ 6,971,311
2026	3,835,955	3,027,606	6,863,561
2027	3,906,018	2,848,945	6,754,963
2028	3,979,818	2,640,986	6,620,804
2029	4,054,375	2,480,304	6,534,679
2030-2034	21,466,050	9,468,320	30,934,370
2035-2039	19,390,249	4,407,831	23,798,080
2040-2043	6,760,286	858,452	7,618,738
	<u>\$ 67,161,360</u>	<u>\$ 28,935,146</u>	<u>\$ 96,096,506</u>

#### NOTE G--LEASE AND SUBSCRIPTION LIABILITIES

FCPA has entered into agreements to lease certain equipment and property. The lease agreements qualify as other than short-term leases under GASB Statement No. 87 and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inception.

**FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.**

*Notes to Financial Statements - Continued*

***Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023***

There is a significant amount of agreements entered into with various vendors. There are no variable payment components for any lease. Each lease liability is measured at various discount rates based on the terms, date of service, classification of item and other factors pertaining to the contract. The associated right-of-use assets are discussed in more detail in Note E.

A schedule of changes in the FCPA’s lease liabilities is as follows:

	<i>Balance at June 30, 2023</i>	<i>Additions</i>	<i>Reductions</i>	<i>Remeasurement /Modification</i>	<i>Terminations</i>	<i>Balance at June 30, 2024</i>	<i>Amount Due Within One Year</i>
Non-affiliate property	\$ 64,200,367	\$ 1,441,264	\$ 3,333,740	\$ 3,530,364	\$ 6,848,757	\$51,928,770	\$ 3,220,760
Affiliate property	33,268,761	83,863	1,971,083	2,185,306	-	29,196,235	2,014,165
Non-affiliate equipment	836,482	323,778	373,073	8,039	-	779,148	310,090
<b>Total lease liabilities</b>	<b>\$ 98,305,610</b>	<b>\$ 1,848,905</b>	<b>\$ 5,677,896</b>	<b>\$ 5,723,709</b>	<b>\$ 6,848,757</b>	<b>\$81,904,153</b>	<b>\$ 5,545,015</b>

	<i>Balance at June 30, 2022</i>	<i>Additions</i>	<i>Reductions</i>	<i>Remeasurement /Modification</i>	<i>Terminations</i>	<i>Balance at June 30, 2023</i>	<i>Amount Due Within One Year</i>
Non-affiliate property	\$ 63,021,594	\$ 5,549,378	\$ 3,471,890	\$ -	\$ 898,715	\$64,200,367	\$ 3,280,911
Affiliate property	33,153,184	4,640,484	2,394,340	-	2,130,567	33,268,761	2,176,134
Non-affiliate equipment	1,094,981	101,986	360,485	-	-	836,482	316,229
<b>Total lease liabilities</b>	<b>\$ 97,269,759</b>	<b>\$ 10,291,848</b>	<b>\$ 6,226,715</b>	<b>\$ -</b>	<b>\$ 3,029,282</b>	<b>\$98,305,610</b>	<b>\$ 5,773,274</b>

The FCPA leases equipment and property under lease agreements which expire at various dates. Future minimum lease payments under leases are as follows:

<i>Year Ending June 30,</i>	<i>Principal Payments</i>	<i>Interest Payments</i>	<i>Total</i>
2025	\$ 5,545,015	\$ 1,749,726	\$ 7,294,741
2026	5,269,266	1,606,836	6,876,102
2027	5,044,819	1,487,788	6,532,607
2028	4,897,082	1,378,648	6,275,730
2029	4,405,389	1,275,879	5,681,268
2030-2034	15,690,642	5,191,440	20,882,082
2035-2039	11,321,307	3,872,838	15,194,145
2040-2044	7,761,787	2,817,421	10,579,208
2045-2049	9,080,086	1,697,305	10,777,391
2050-2054	7,031,124	791,487	7,822,611
2055-2059	5,565,647	277,238	5,842,885
2060-2064	291,989	852	292,841
	<b>\$ 81,904,153</b>	<b>\$ 22,147,458</b>	<b>\$ 104,051,611</b>

## FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.

### *Notes to Financial Statements - Continued*

#### ***Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023***

The FCPA has entered into certain SBITAs. The agreements qualify as other than short-term under GASB Statement No. 96 and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum payments as of the date of their inception.

There are no variable payment components for any agreement. Each subscription liability is measured at various discount rates based on the term, date of service, classification of item, and other factors pertaining to the agreement. The associated right-of-use subscription asset is discussed in more detail in Note E.

The FCPA has subscription liabilities that expire at various dates. Future minimum payments under the subscription liabilities are as follows:

<b><i>Year Ending June 30,</i></b>	<b><i>Principal Payments</i></b>	<b><i>Interest Payments</i></b>	<b><i>Total</i></b>
2025	\$ 1,932,273	\$ 402,811	\$ 2,335,084
2026	2,073,753	305,180	2,378,933
2027	2,214,780	199,025	2,413,805
2028	1,781,455	84,618	1,866,073
2029	381,109	6,994	388,103
	<b><u>\$ 8,383,370</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 998,628</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 9,381,998</u></b>

#### NOTE H--LEASE RECEIVABLE

The FCPA has entered into agreements with Shands to provide land and buildings. Non-cancelable lease terms range from 5 years to 39 years. Monthly minimum lease payments range from \$2,379 to \$31,405. The lease receivables are measured as the present value of the future minimum rent payments expected to be received during the lease term at a discount rate ranging from 6.00%, to 1.75%, which are the implicit rates. During the year ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, FCPA recognized \$936,273 and \$619,100 of lease revenue, respectively. During the year ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, FCPA recognized \$340,899 and \$249,386, respectively, of interest revenue included with rental revenue in non-operating revenue in the statements of revenue, expenses, and changes in net position under the various leases.

#### NOTE I--DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

With the issuance of the Series 2019 Bond, and the Series 2017 Bond discussed in Note F, the FCPA entered into interest rate swap agreements. In an effort to manage exposure to interest rate risks associated with variable rate debt instruments, the FCPA became a party to four distinct interest rate swap agreements with TD Bank, N.A.

## FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.

### *Notes to Financial Statements - Continued*

#### ***Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023***

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With respect to the Series 2017 Bond, the FCPA executed a swap agreement where the FCPA received a variable rate equal to 69.75% of the one-month LIBOR-BBA rate, plus 62.0775 basis points, and pays a fixed rate of 2.175% on the notional amount of \$26,852,238 and \$27,942,080 at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. During February 2023, this agreement was amended and restated to replace the variable rate referenced from LIBOR-BBA to SOFR-CME. All other terms and conditions remain substantially unchanged. This agreement terminates May 1, 2027, unless terminated at an earlier date.

With respect to the Series 2019 Bond, the FCPA executed a swap agreement where the FCPA received a variable rate equal to 81.5% of the one-month LIBOR-BBA rate, plus 65.2 basis points, and pays a fixed rate of 2.51% on the notional amount of \$25,003,000 and \$26,308,000 at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively. During February 2023, this agreement was amended and restated to replace the variable rate referenced from LIBOR-BBA to SOFR-CME. All other terms and conditions remain substantially unchanged. This agreement terminates March 27, 2029, unless terminated at an earlier date.

Although these swap instruments are intended to manage exposure to interest rate risks associated with the debt instruments referred to above, none of these swap agreements have been determined to be an effective hedge. Accordingly, the interest rate swaps are reflected in the accompanying statements of net position at their aggregate fair value (an asset of \$2,537,989 and \$2,922,091 at June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively) and the changes in the value of the swaps are reflected as a component of nonoperating revenue (expense) in the statements of revenue, expenses, and changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

Management has considered the effects of any credit value adjustment, and while management believes the estimated fair value of the interest rate swap agreements is reasonable, the estimate is subject to change in the near term.

#### NOTE J--RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Shands and the University, for the benefit of the College of Medicine, entered into an Academic and Quality Support Agreement (AQSA) effective July 1, 2004. The AQSA was amended and restated effective July 1, 2011, through the termination date of June 30, 2014. An Academic Support Agreement (ASA) replaced the AQSA agreement effective July 1, 2014, through June 30, 2015, and at termination, it was replaced with an ASA agreement effective July 1, 2015, through June 30, 2016. Shands and the University entered into a new ASA agreement effective July 1, 2016, with a termination date of June 30, 2024.

The purpose of the ASA is to clarify and expand the support provided to the College of Medicine from Shands. The funds provided to the College of Medicine are to be used to support the missions of teaching, indigent care, research and community service. Shands provided support funding in the amount of approximately \$240,450,000 and \$180,620,000, for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively, to the FCPA which collects the funds on behalf of the College of Medicine. This amount was recognized in other operating revenue.

## FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.

### *Notes to Financial Statements - Continued*

#### *Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023*

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During fiscal years 2024 and 2023, the FCPA received approximately \$151,653,000 and \$143,161,000, respectively, from Shands relating to the reimbursement of expenses and contractual services provided by the College of Medicine on behalf of Shands and Affiliates. The FCPA records certain reimbursements from Shands for contractual services as revenue. Until these amounts are transferred to the University of Florida, they are reported as unearned revenue. There was no unearned revenue from Shands as of June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023.

Also, during fiscal years 2024 and 2023, the FCPA incurred approximately \$177,853,000 and \$172,368,000, respectively, per year in contractual services expense under various contracts with Shands and Affiliates. Accounts payable and accrued expenses as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, includes a payable to Shands and Affiliates for certain benefit expenses relating to Shands employees associated with these contractual services.

Other amounts included in due from affiliates at June 30, 2024 and 2023, are due primarily from Shands and Affiliates for numerous different departmental professional services and support furnished under agreements with Shands and Affiliates.

#### NOTE K--COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

*Professional Liability:* The University of Florida Board of Trustees, acting as the College of Medicine, obtains general and professional liability protection from the University of Florida J. Hillis Miller Health Science Center Self-Insurance Program (Self-Insurance Program). The Self-Insurance Program was established by the Florida Board of Governors pursuant to Section 1004.24, Florida Statutes.

The Self-Insurance Program protects the University of Florida Board of Trustees for losses which are subject to Section 768.28, Florida Statutes, including legislative claim bills, that in combination with the waiver of immunity limits described in Section 768.28, Florida Statutes, do not exceed \$1,000,000 per claim and up to \$2,000,000 per incident for negotiated settlements.

Pursuant to Board of Governors Regulation 6C-10.001(2), the University of Florida Self-Insurance Program Council has created the University of Florida Healthcare Education Insurance Company (HEIC), a captive insurance company that is wholly owned by the State Board of Governors and domiciled in the State of Vermont. HEIC is managed by a Board of Directors created by the State Board of Governors. HEIC provides coverage for claims that are in excess of the protection afforded by the Self-Insurance Program at limits of \$4,000,000 and \$3,000,000 for negotiated settlements. HEIC provides additional limits of liability coverage of \$100,000,000 per claim and in the aggregate, which is in excess of the coverage described above.

In the event the personal immunity of College of Medicine faculty physicians or other professional employees are not subject to the personal immunity described in Section 768.28, Florida Statutes, for example, on assignment outside the State of Florida, the Self-Insurance Program provides the faculty physicians and other professional employees with personal liability protection, including

## FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.

### *Notes to Financial Statements - Continued*

#### *Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023*

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professional liability, in the amount of \$2,000,000 per claim and with excess coverage of \$103,000,000 underwritten by HEIC. The FCPA is provided protection by the Self-Insurance Program and HEIC. No amounts have been accrued for incurred but not reported claims as the FCPA is not able to estimate such amounts.

*Healthcare Industry:* The healthcare industry is subject to numerous laws and regulations of federal, state and local governments. These laws and regulations include, but are not necessarily limited to, matters such as licensure, accreditation, government healthcare program participation requirements, reimbursement for patient services, Medicare fraud and abuse and under provisions of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, patient records privacy and security. Government activity has increased with respect to investigations and allegations concerning possible violations of fraud and abuse statutes and regulations by healthcare providers. Violations of these laws and regulations could result in expulsion from government healthcare programs together with the imposition of significant fines and penalties, as well as significant repayments for patient services previously billed.

Congress adopted comprehensive health care insurance legislation, *Patient Care Protection and Affordable Care Act* and *Health Care and Educational Reconciliation Act*. The legislation, among other matters, is designated to expand access to coverage to substantively all citizens through a combination of public program expansion and private industry health insurance. Changes to existing Medicaid coverage and payments have occurred and are expected to continue to occur as a result of this legislation. Implementing regulations are generally required for these legislative acts, which are to be adopted over a period of years and, accordingly, the specific impact of any future regulations is not determinable.

#### NOTE L--FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Management estimates that the carrying value of its financial instruments, including cash and cash equivalents, investments, patient accounts and other receivables, accounts payable and accrued expenses, and estimated liability for refunds are at fair value or approximate fair value due to the nature and short-term maturities of these instruments. Management also estimates that the carrying value of its lease and subscription obligations and long-term debt approximate fair value.

#### NOTE M--FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

GASB Statement No. 72 emphasizes that fair value is a market-based measurement, not an entity-specific measurement. Therefore, a fair value measurement should be determined based on the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. As such, GASB defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. GASB describes fair value as an exit price where measurement assumes a transaction takes place in an entity's



**FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.**

*Notes to Financial Statements - Continued*

***Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023***

principal market, or most advantageous market in the absence of a principal market, and the market participants are acting in their economic best interests. GASB Statement No. 72 requires an entity to use valuation techniques that are appropriate under the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value. Valuation techniques should be applied consistently and maximize the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

*Valuation Hierarchy:* GASB Statement No. 72 establishes a hierarchy of inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy has three levels which are defined as follows:

- *Level 1:* Inputs to the valuation technique are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.
- *Level 2:* Inputs to the valuation technique, other than quoted prices within *Level 1*, that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- *Level 3:* Inputs to the valuation technique are unobservable.

In instances where the determination of the fair value hierarchy measurement is based on inputs from different levels of the fair value hierarchy, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the entire fair value measurement falls is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. The FCPA’s assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment and considers factors specific to the asset or liability.

The following table presents assets reported at fair value as of June 30, 2024 and 2023, and their respective classification under the GASB Statement No. 72 valuation hierarchy:

*Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis as of June 30, 2024:*

	<i>Carrying Value</i>	<i>Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)</i>	<i>Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)</i>	<i>Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)</i>
Assets:				
Investments in Money Market Fund	\$ 494,705	\$ -	\$ 494,705	\$ -
Investments in Stock Mutual Fund	12,208,206	-	12,208,206	-
Investments in Bond Mutual Fund	4,312,855	-	4,312,855	-
Interest rate swap agreements, net	2,537,989	-	-	2,537,989
	<u>\$ 19,553,755</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 17,015,766</u>	<u>\$ 2,537,989</u>



**FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.**

*Notes to Financial Statements - Continued*

**Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023**

*Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis as of June 30, 2023:*

	<i>Carrying Value</i>	<i>Quoted Prices in Active Markets (Level 1)</i>	<i>Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)</i>	<i>Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)</i>
Investments in TD Wealth Sweep Program	\$ 15,849,291	\$ -	\$ 15,849,291	\$ -
Investments in Commercial Bonds and Notes	991,769	-	991,769	-
Investments in Stock Mutual Fund	11,212,203	-	11,212,203	-
Investments in Bond Mutual Fund	4,067,925	-	4,067,925	-
Interest rate swap agreements, net	2,922,091	-	-	2,922,091
	<u>\$ 35,043,279</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 32,121,188</u>	<u>\$ 2,922,091</u>

A certain portion of the inputs used to value the FCPA's interest rate swap agreements are unobservable inputs. As a result, FCPA has determined that the interest rate swap valuations are classified in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

**NOTE N--CORONAVIRUS DISEASE 2019 (COVID-19)**

Government support, including the CARES Act, provided essential funding to hospitals and other healthcare entities. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the FCPA received \$23,835,844 of CARES Act Provider Relief Funds (PRF) in both general and targeted distributions to prevent, prepare for and respond to coronavirus. The FCPA recognized \$17,913,957 of PRF funds as revenue for the year ended June 30, 2022, to offset an estimated \$16,803,898 of lost revenue and \$1,110,059 for COVID-19 related expenses incurred based on the reporting guidelines published by HHS. FCPA management opted to use the alternate reasonable methodology to recognize lost revenue. This approach is not prescribed and is subject to approval by HRSA. Given this uncertainty of HRSA approval, the FCPA set aside a reserve of \$8,401,949 which represents a 50% reserve against all PRF funds recognized as lost revenue in 2022. The reserve was netted against the PRF revenue recognized in the statements of revenue, expenses, and changes in net position and is recorded as deferred revenue in the accompanying statements of net position until further clarification is received from HHS or the open period for review by HRSA lapses. During 2023, the FCPA returned \$5,955,175 of PRF funding and \$33,288 in earned interest that remained unused by the close of period of availability, June 30, 2022, in accordance with program and federal award guidelines.

**NOTE O--SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

Subsequent events have been evaluated through the date of the Independent Auditor's Report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. During this period, management did not note any material recognizable subsequent events that required recognition or disclosure in the June 30, 2024, financial statements.

## **Other Financial Information**

**FLORIDA CLINICAL PRACTICE ASSOCIATION, INC.**

***Statements of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Net Position of Fund 171 - Transfers from Component Units Fund (HSCFCPA, HSCSHHS, HSCVAHS) - Unaudited***

	<i>Year Ended June 30,</i>	
	<i>2024</i>	<i>2023</i>
REVENUE	\$ -	\$ -
EXPENDITURES:		
Salaries and benefits	638,080,141	602,483,003
Contractual services	34,879,639	40,631,717
Insurance	15,569	9,171
Electronic data processing charges	5,115,780	5,724,730
Operating supplies	9,446,982	9,501,778
Occupancy expenses	620,697	738,034
Printing and reproduction	402,062	529,839
Dues and subscriptions	3,273,859	2,814,984
Food and entertainment	1,518,882	1,917,789
Repairs and maintenance	1,811,446	2,290,195
Travel	3,454,086	3,970,708
Advertising	333,923	274,836
Telephone, freight and postage	1,465,894	1,678,403
University overhead	12,597,024	12,894,733
Other	5,650,240	7,136,866
Total expenditures	<b>718,666,224</b>	<b>692,596,786</b>
EXPENDITURES IN EXCESS OF REVENUE BEFORE TRANSFERS	<b>(718,666,224)</b>	<b>(692,596,786)</b>
TRANSFERS:		
From Florida Clinical Practice Association, Inc.	709,089,175	691,790,521
Transfers to others	228,524	462,697
Total transfers	<b>709,317,699</b>	<b>692,253,218</b>
DEFICIT OF REVENUE AND TRANSFERS OVER EXPENDITURES NET DEFICIENCY, BEGINNING OF YEAR	<b>(9,348,525)</b>	<b>(343,568)</b>
NET DEFICIENCY, END OF YEAR	<b>\$ (23,758,420)</b>	<b>\$ (14,409,895)</b>



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING  
AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT  
OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE  
WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of  
Florida Clinical Practice Association, Inc.:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities of the Florida Clinical Practice Association, Inc. (the FCPA) (a component unit of the University of Florida), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the FCPA's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 26, 2024.

***Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting***

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the FCPA's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the FCPA's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the FCPA's internal control.

*A deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. *A material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the FCPA's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did

not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

***Report on Compliance and Other Matters***

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the FCPA's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

***Purpose of this Report***

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the FCPA's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the FCPA's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

PYA, P.C.

Tampa, Florida  
September 26, 2024